

Trailblazers Year B Autumn Term 2 – What difference does it make to believe in Ahisma, Grace and Ummah? (RE) Overview, Vocabulary and Sticky Knowledge



What do I already know?

In Explorers, I learned...

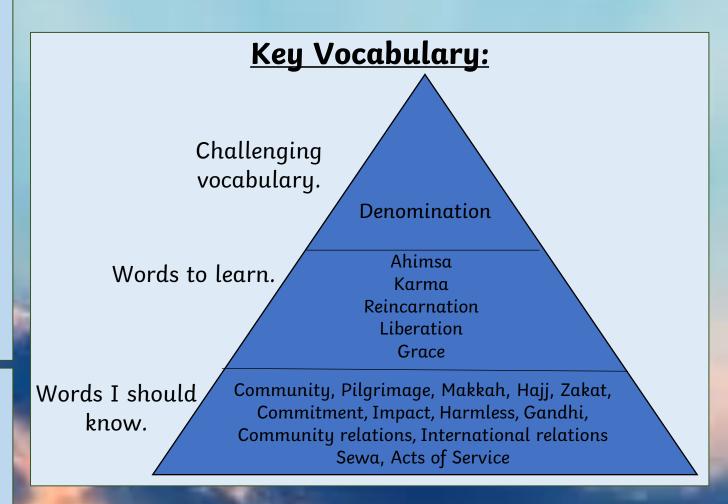
- There are many stories in the Bible and Quran which tells people we should be kind, honest and forgiving. They also explain how we should make good choices.
- One of the Ten Commandments in the Bible is to love and help other people.
- Tzedekah is the Hebrew word for charity and giving. It also means doing the right thing for others.
- Zakat is one part of a Muslim person's belief. They will give away some of their money each year to charity to help the poor and those in more need.

In Philosophers, I learned...

- Christians often show their faith in different ways. Before meals, sometimes a prayer is said (called Grace) to thank God for the food about to be eaten.
- Some Christians will go to a church or cathedral to pray and show respect to God.

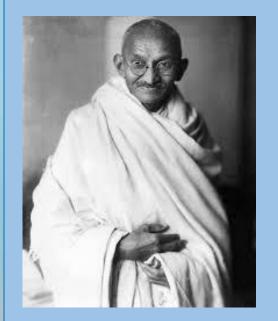
What will I now learn?

- Make connections between beliefs and behaviour in different religions (A1).
- Make connections between belief in ahimsa, grace and Ummah, teachings and sources of wisdom in the three religions (A1).
- Outline the challenges of being a Hindu, Christian or Muslim in Britain today (B2).
- Consider similarities and differences between beliefs and behaviour in different faiths (B3).



Sticky Knowledge:

- Prophet Muhammad (pbuh) for Muslims is the last messenger of God. Other messengers include Adam, Abraham and Jesus link to Jewish and Christian shared history.
- Gandhi led the fight for Indian independence from the British Empire. He organized several non-violent civil disobedience campaigns.
- Archbishop Desmond Tutu (born 7 October 1932) is a South African social rights activist. He won the Nobel Peace Prize in 1983 for his work fighting apartheid in South Africa.
- The grace of God in Christianity is the belief that God loves people unconditionally and is willing to offer forgiveness to anyone for anything.
- The worldwide Muslim community is called the Ummah
- Muslims complete at least on Hajj in their lifetime and give zakat to the needy.
- Ahimsa is an ancient Indian principle of nonviolence which applies to all living beings. It's a religious value.



Gandhi was a leader in the 20th century. His use of non-violent protest eventually led to his country's independence. Ghandi supported the rights of both Hindus and Muslims in India.

